# VITASSAY

# Transferrin -Turbidimetric Assay-

Rapid test for the quantitative detection of Transferrin in human stool samples.

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For professional *in vitro* diagnostic use only. Professional trained in Turbidimetric techniques.

#### **INTENDED USE**

**Vitassay Transferrin –Turbidimetric Assay-** is a rapid Turbidimetric assay for the quantitative detection of transferrin in human stool samples.

Simple, non-invasive and highly sensitivity assay for the detection of human transferrin in feces that helps in the search for gastrointestinal bleeding problems. This product has been optimized for several automated analyzer.

### INTRODUCTION

Transferrin (Tf) is an iron-transporting protein (molecular weight=76.500 Da) that is synthesised mainly in the liver and os present at a concentration of 2.0-3.0 g/L in normal serum. The blood concentration of Transferrin is 1%-2% that haemoglobin (Hb), but Transferrin is highly stable and is considered to be a more sensitive indicator of bleeding than Hb, even when the intestinal retention time for faeces is long.

#### PRINCIPLE

**Vitassay Transferrin –Turbidimetric Assay-** is a quantitative turbidimetric assay for the detection of transferrin in human solid stool samples.

Transferrin Turbidimetric Assay is based on antigen-antibody agglutination reactions between the antigen contained in the sample and the antibodies anti-antigen coated on polystyrene latex particles.

Such agglutination is measured as an increase in absorbance proportional to the quantity of antigen contained in the sample.

The use of two external controls, Control 1 and Control 2, is used to verify that the test is working properly.

#### PRECAUTIONS

- For professional in vitro use only.
- Do not use after expiration date.
- Do not use the test if its primary containers are damaged.
- Specimens should be considered as potentially hazardous and handle in the same manner as an infectious agent. Avoid contamination errors, follow proper work procedure.
- The reagents after use should be discarded in a proper biohazard container after testing.
- Reagents contain preservatives. Avoid any contact with the skin or mucous membrane. Consult safety data sheet, available on request.

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- Components provided in the kit are approved for use with the Vitassay Transferrin -Turbidimetric Assay-. Do not use any other commercial component.
- Follow Good Laboratory Practices, wear protective clothing, use disposal gloves, goggles and mask. Do not use any other commercial kit component.
- If measure range is exceeding, use the sample diluent to dilute the sample and repeat the assay again.
- Read and follow up the instructions for use provided in the kit.
- Prepare and adjust the analyzer before starting measurements.

#### STORAGE AND STABILITY

Store as packaged in the original primary container, the reagents should be preserved at refrigerated temperature (2-8°C/35.6-46.4°F), the sample diluent could be preserved refrigerated or at room temperature (2-30°C/35.6-86°F).

The product is stable until the expiration date printed on the label, if they have been preserved under the recommended conditions.

Do not freeze and keep away from the sunlight.

#### **MATERIALS**

MATERIAL PROVIDED	MATERIAL REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED
Reagent R1 Reagent R2 Calibrator 0 Calibrator 1 Calibrator 2 Calibrator 3 Calibrator 4 Calibrator 5 Control 1 Control 2 Vials with diluent for the sample dilution. Instruction for use.	<ul> <li>Specimen collection container.</li> <li>Disposable gloves.</li> <li>Automated analyzer.</li> <li>Vortex.</li> <li>Microtubes (analyser vial).</li> </ul>

# SPECIMEN COLLECTION

Collect sufficient quantity of feces: 1-2 g or mL for liquid samples. Stool should be collected in clean and dry containers.

Samples can be stored in the refrigerator ( $2-8^{\circ}\text{C}/36.5-46.4^{\circ}\text{F}$ ) for 7 days prior to testing. For longer storage, maximum 6 months, the specimen must be kept frozen at -20°C (-4°F). Samples must be brought to room temperature before testing. Homogenize the sample as thoroughly as possible prior to preparation.

#### **SPECIMEN PREPARATION**

1. Label the vial with the patients's identification.

- Open the cap of the vial with diluent for sample dilution (figure 1).
- 3. Use the stick to collect sufficient sample quantity. For solid stool, insert the stick in 4 different areas of the stool sample (figure 2), and add it into the vial with diluent for sample dilution. For liquid stool, take approx. 20 µL of the sample using a micropipette and transfer it into the vial for the sample dilution.
- 4.Close the cap of the vial with the diluent and sample, shake the vial in order to assure good sample dispersion, using a vortex during 1 minute (figura 3). The sample dilution vial with dilute sample can be stored in a range of temperatures (2-8°C / 35.6-46.4°F) for 7 days in the refrigerator prior the testing.
- 5. Take the specimen collection vial with the sample diluted, cut the end of the cap and dispense 20 drops of the sample diluted (figure 4) into a analyser vial (microtube). This vial must be compatible with the analyzer.

Note: Do not use the sample vials directly in the analyzer.

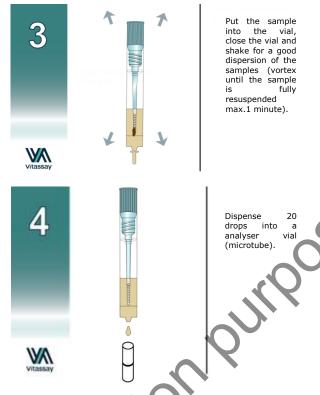








Insert the stick in 4 different areas of the stool.



# **PROCEDURE**

Allow reagents and solid stool to reach room temperature (15-30 $^{\circ}$ C) prior the testing. Reagent R1 y Reagent R2 are ready to use.

#### Calibration curve

For calibration only use transferrin Calibrator: Cal0, Cal1, Cal2, Cal3, Cal4 and Cal5. Contain transferrin antigen at different concentrations indicated on the label of each of the vials.

X	Reference	Calibrator 1	Calibrator 2	Calibrator 3	Calibrator 4	Calibrator 5
Cox.	0 ng/mL	10 ng/mL	25 ng/mL	50 ng/mL	100 ng/mL	250 ng/mL
Vol.	1000 μL	1000 µL	1000 μL	1000 µL	1000 µL	1000 µL

Reagents are ready to use. The frequency in the realization of the calibration curve must be established by the end user in the function of the criteria esblished for the clinical laboratory.

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**Note:** See section quality control.

# Analytical procedure

Measure range: 5 - 250 ng HTf/mL.

Procedure	Steps		
R1 addition	200 µL	0 s	
Sample addition	30 μL	10 s	
R2 addition	55 μL	300 s	
Blank measure	450 nm – 800 nm	310 s	
Mainly measure	450 nm – 800 nm	610 s	

\*Data obtained by the analyzer Biolis i24 (Tokio Boeki)

#### INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS

Positive results values: Higher or equal than the cut off fixed by the clinical lab.

Recommended: 10 ng of transferrin/mL (1 µg of transferrin/g of stool) for diagnostic procedures.

Positive results determine the abnormal presence of transferrin antigen in human stool samples.

#### **OUALITY CONTROL**

Transferrin C1 & C2 Controls are ready to use. Allow controls to reach room temperature (15-30°C) prior to testing.

Transferrin Control 1: is liquid control at a certain concentration of transferrin (lower than Control 2). Concentration is indicated on the label of the vial.

Transferrin Control 2: is liquid control at a certain concentration of transferrin (higher than Control 1). Concentration is indicated on the label of the vial.

The use of controls at two different concentrations is recommended to verify test precision.

If the obtain results are out of the tolerance range, the equipment, the reagents or the technique must be reviewed. If the problems persists, stop using the reagents and contact your distribuitor.

#### LIMITATIONS

- Vitassay Transferrin -Turbidimetric Assay should be only used for the detection of transferrin in human stool samples.
- The quality of Vitassay Transferrin -Turbidimetric Assaydepends on the quality of the sample; Proper fecal specimens must be obtained.
- Positive results determine the presence of transferrin in fecal samples; a positive result should be followed up with additional invasive techniques (endoscopy) to confirm the results.
- Negative results should not be considered as conclusive, it is possible that the concentration of antigens is lower than the detection limit.

# **EXPECTED VALUES**

The incidence of Colorectal Cancer (CRC) has increased rapidly and continues to be a major public health threat around the world. CRC

is the third most common cancer globally, causing approximately 1.4 million new causes and 700.000 deaths per year. There is ample evidence to support that screening and early detection reduce the mortality of colorectal cancer.

# PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

#### **Analytical sensitivity:**

Detection limit: 5 ng hTf/mL.

# Prozone:

Lower concentrations of 500  $\mu g$  of transferrin/mL of stool do not show prozone effect and no false negative results have been observed.

# **Within-Run Precision:**

	Low (15 μg/g)	Media (80 μg/g)	High (200 μg/g)
N	20	20	20
Media (μg/g)	16.1	80.6	197.2
DS (μg/g)	1.2	3.6	10.3
CV (%)	7.4	4.7	5.2

<sup>\*</sup>Data obtained by the analyzer Biolis i24 (Tokio Boeki)

# **Cross reactivity:**

No cross reactivity was detected against other fecal markers that are occasionally present in feces:

Human Hemoglobin	Bovine lactoferrin
Human Calprotectin	Human Lactoferrin

#### REFERENCES

- 1.Takashima Y., Shimada T. and Yokozawa T. Clinical benefit of measuring both haemoglobin and transferrin concentrations in faeces: demostration during a large-scale colorectal cancer screening trial in Japan. Diagnosis 2015; 2(1): 53-59.
- 2.Jin P., Wu Z., Meng M., Wang X., Wang X., Gong L., Yu D., Xie H., Li A., Li S., Yen L., Rao J. and Sheng J. Journal of Cancer Sceince & Therapy 2012, 4.8. DOI: 10.4172/1948-5956. 1000149
- 3. Urrego J., Otero W., Gómez M. A review of Helicobacter Pylori and Colon Cancer. Rev Col Gastroenterol/29 (3) 2014.

# SYMBOLS FOR IVD COMPONENTS AND REAGENTS

IVD	i <i>n vitro</i> diagnostic device	<del>*</del>	Keep dry
[]i	Consult instructions for use	1	Temperature limitation
$\square$	Use by	***	Manufacturer
LOT	Batch code	$\sum_{n}$	Contains sufficient for <n> test</n>
DIL	Sample diluent	REF	Catalogue number
类	Keep out of the sunlight		

# ADAPTED EQUIPMENT

- Biolis i24 (Tokio Boeki)
- BS200 (Mindray)
- ChemwellT (Awareness)







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